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VOL. 43.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY AUGUST 28, 1905.

NO. 67.

GIFTS

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THE BEER
THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS
THE PUREST AND BEST
That is brewed.
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
AGENTS

MOUNTAIN CHIEF JIM BECOMES AN INVALID

Noted Head of Pacheena Indians Here to Undergo Treatment—Tribes Fast Diminishing.

Mountain Chief Jim, of the Pacheenas, San Juan river, is a pretty sick Indian and is looking for medical attendance. He is now on the Songhees reserve with his wife and children, and the Indian officers of the Dominion government have his case in hand.

Out of a band of 80 Pacheenas about ten years ago, there now remains less than twenty, and in a few years more the last of the tribe will have disappeared. The band was largely reduced by an epidemic of measles five years ago. Unfortunately for the poor Indians, there are many of them in remote localities and do not always receive the medical attendance they should receive when they fall sick. Mr. Vowell and his officers are indefatigable in attending to the needs of the unfortunate, but the difficulties in their way are great, not the least being the disinclination of the average Indian to trust himself unreservedly in the hands of the white medicine man.

PUNISHING THE VANQUISHED.
Officers of Admiral Nebogoff's Squadron Will Be Expelled From the Russian Navy.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—It is stated on good authority that all the officers of Admiral Nebogoff's squadron, who were concerned in the surrender at the battle of Tushima Straits, will be expelled from the navy.

JAPAN WAIVES INDEMNITY CLAIM

Also Demand for Reimbursement for Cost of the War--Proposes That Russia Re-deem Half of Sakhalien.

(Associated Press.)
Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 28.—The Associated Press has definite knowledge that several days ago President Roosevelt was authorized on behalf of the Japanese to waive all claims for indemnity or reimbursement for the cost of the war, and to cede back to Russia the north half of Sakhalien Island, leaving the "Redemption price of the same to the arbitration of a mixed commission." This statement was transmitted to the Russian Emperor through the American ambassador at St. Petersburg. An Associated Press telegram announced that the Czar's reply was "partially responsive." There is reason to believe that this proposition on behalf of Japan was not clearly understood at St. Petersburg, but was supposed to be a revival of the effort of Japan to secure an indemnity under the guise of purchase money for the fraction of Sakhalien.

The Japanese contention is that Sakhalien Island is de facto Japanese territory, and that Russia has no means at her command for its present recovery. It is understood that Mr. Witte has accepted this view in principle, and expressed the judgment that Russia should pay something in the nature of redemption money. It is believed that the Tokyo council, which is in session this morning, is considering this phase of the question. At noon Mr. Takahira said that nothing had yet been received from Tokyo. It is learned that the conference between Mr. Witte and Mr. Takahira last evening did not bear upon the question of the cession of Sakhalien or the question of indemnity.

JAPANESE CABINET OFFICERS IN CONFERENCE.

Tokio, Aug. 28.—The conference of the cabinet officers and elder statesmen, which began early this morning, continues at this hour.

WILL DECIDE ON PEACE OR WAR.

Tokio, Aug. 28.—2.30 p. m.—The conference of the cabinet officers and elder statesmen adjourned at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and the participants went to the palace, where the deliberations were continued under the presidency of the Emperor. It is believed that the decision will mean a continuance of the war or peace.

The capital continues to be exceedingly quiet. No manifestations have resulted from the outwardly critical situation. The public here remains uninformed regarding the latest developments at Portsmouth, but seems to be convinced that peace is hopeless. The market re-

ported this sentiment. After the opening today prices sharply declined. A failure of the peace negotiations would be generally regarded, but the press and all other expressions indicate widespread preference for a continuance of the war rather than the acceptance of unsatisfactory terms. Underlying this popular attitude is a deep-seated confidence that Field Marshal Oyama will defeat General Linewitch and take Harbin, and that the Japanese will completely overrun the coast provinces, possibly greatly lowering the cost of the operations after the main Russian army has been defeated and continue the war for an extended period.

JAPANESE AWAIT REPLY FROM TOKIO.

Portsmouth, Aug. 27.—Greater secrecy than ever was maintained at Saturday's session of the peace conference, the only announcement made being that an "adjournment" had been taken until Monday. Later it was learned on good authority that the Russians had offered to concede Japan half of Sakhalien Island and absolutely refused any indemnity. These terms have been submitted to Tokyo.

To-day, not having heard from the Tokyo government, the Japanese plenipotentiaries asked that the adjournment be made until Tuesday. It was then expected that the conference will break up without having accomplished its purpose, and with both parties claiming that they have done everything possible to secure it. The published terms will then let the world make its own decision.

OPPOSED TO PROPOSAL TO DIVIDE SAKHALIEN.

Tokio, Aug. 28.—The proposal that Sakhalien be divided between Russia and Japan is exciting strong opposition here among the people, and it is freely predicted that its acceptance will result in demonstrations against the government. The newspapers comment adversely on the proposal.

RUSSIAN VIEW OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—The Soviet to-day says: "The Japanese conditions for peace would only be accepted if a Japanese fleet was threatening St. Petersburg. Russia will not bow to the Japanese yoke to fulfill President Roosevelt's desire to guarantee the American creditors of Japan and to cover himself with glory as a peace-maker. Japan, needing peace, seeks it through the initiative of her friend, President Roosevelt, and makes exorbitant demands while the President is striving indirectly to exact the consent of Russia. After long and fruitless negotiations it would seem that we are on the eve of the latest Russian proposal, which would mean the cession of Sakhalien to Japan, and the purchase of the island by Russia for \$100,000,000."

ACTIVITY IN THE COPPER MARKETS

PRICES STILL SHOW UPWARD TENDENCY

Refineries Are Turning Out More Than Forty-Five Thousand Tons a Month—Demand in China.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 28.—The Journal of Commerce to-day says:

"The excitement that has possessed the copper industry during the last few weeks has attracted general attention. The facts upon which the present abnormally high prices for the metal have been based are of the greatest interest both in America and Europe. Industrial activity and the war in the Far East caused a large and legitimate increase in the melting of copper and the remunerative prices received by producers stimulated production enormously until now American mines, including those of Canada and Mexico, as well as those of the United States, are pouring out the metal at the rate of over 45,000 tons per month; that is the refineries are contributing this amount of metal each month. Exports have been unprecedented, and American consumption has risen to almost record tonnage."

"Of the large exports 45,000 tons were shipped to China, but it has not gone into consumption, at least only a small portion. At the same time that China has been taking copper from America, she has drawn from Australia and Japan about 25,000 tons, so that a country which heretofore has been of minor im-

portance in the copper trade has suddenly loomed the biggest for trade. Much of the surplus copper held in China is being carried by large financial concerns for speculation. There are also fully 17,000 tons of copper under contract in this country for export and during the next four months. Large consumers of copper, both in America and in Europe, especially at home, early learned of the contemplated movement in the metal, and of course convinced of the upward trend of the market, purchased heavily for three to four months in advance.

"With producers well sold and the surplus well disposed of to second hands, the supplementary buying by speculators and small consumers naturally put the market higher and higher, and a combination of interests who have engineered the present movement have caused to be taken up the small amount of copper available for quick shipment within the last week or ten days, until the market is already 10% cents, and the tendency still upward. A record price of 20 cents has been recorded, as well as 7 cents as a reactive price. Both are extreme. The re-sales of copper by consumers who have over-purchased and the offering of metal that has not yet been shipped on Chinese account may take a sudden turn in the market unless it continues to be taken up by the powerful interests from a financial standpoint."

FIGHTING YELLOW FEVER.

Only 190 Cases, Many of Lightest Character, Under Treatment.

New Orleans, Aug. 28.—The fifth week of the fight against yellow fever began to-day with a continuance of favorable conditions and with reason for hope that the crisis had passed. The fact that there are only 190 cases under treatment, many of them of the lightest character, is regarded as being especially significant. In the 31 cases in the preceding 24 hours, only five were fatal, and there were only three cases reported from the originally infected Italian quarter.

H. B. Morley, of Vancouver, is among the guests at the Driard hotel.

DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY.

Engineer and Fireman Have Been Liberated By Order of Court.

(Associated Press.)
Bennington, Vt., Aug. 28.—William Sidney, William Manion, who have been held by local authorities on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the accident which resulted in the death of Harris Lindsey, of New York, and Miss Ethelyn P. Willing, were discharged from custody by Judge Bates, of the Municipal court, to-day. The court declared that there was no reason why action should be taken against the two men.

DOMINION RIFLE MEET.

British Columbia, R. A. Team Won Tyro Prize of Twenty Dollars.
(Special to the Times.)
Rifle Ranges, Rockcliffe, Ont., Aug. 28.—Weather conditions to-day were perfect for the Dominion Rifle Association meet, and shooting was high. In two match seven shooters tied for first, among them Lieut. Slater, 6th Regiment, who won \$10 and 34; Sergeant-Major Bundy, \$5; 31; Pte. Fisher, \$3; 31; Mr. Joynt, 29; Corp. Bliss, 28.

The British Columbia R. A. team won the tyro team prize, \$20, with 152.

The winners in the bankers' match were: Capt. Forest, \$4; 32; Sergt. G. S. Carr, \$5; 31; Sergt. S. G. Perry, \$5; 30; Corp. C. P. Bliss, \$4; 30; G. R. Joynt, \$4; 29; Co. Sergt-Major J. Cayen, \$4; 29.

VICTORIA'S MEMBER BACK FROM EAST

MR. RILEY REACHED HOME ON SATURDAY

He Gives Brief Resume of Legislation Particularly That which Affected British Columbia.

George Riley, M. P., and Mrs. Riley, returned on Saturday from Ottawa, which has been their home since January 11th, up to within the past three or four weeks. The former is in the best of health, despite his constant application to the momentous affairs of state that have occupied the attention of Canada's legislators during the long session recently terminated, and is glad to be back again. To a Times reporter this afternoon he said that this year's session had been one of the most arduous in the history of the country, the measures which consumed the greatest time, and precipitated the most animated debate being the autonomy bills, which now belong to history.

Then, the estimates took up a great deal of time, and Victoria's member feels satisfied that on the whole, this city and province did pretty well. For instance, among the appropriations he enumerated these, providing for a new hydrographic survey steamer, which will cost in the neighborhood of a hundred thousand dollars, a salvage steamer and plant, a new quarantine steamer, twenty-five thousand dollars, for Victoria harbor, fifteen thousand dollars for the removal from the harbor of Tuzo Rock, a new dredge and many other improvements. Reference to the light and fog alarm to be installed on Trial Island is made in another column.

In regard to the hydrographic survey steamer Mr. Riley said that plans were being prepared when he left Ottawa, and tenders would be called for shortly. The new craft, he said, would be built in this province. He is greatly pleased at the success attending the efforts of the British Columbia members with regard to railway competition in Southern British Columbia. They fought for the competition with a solid front, and despite the vigorous lobby of the C. P. R. carried the day with a swing. Mr. Riley commented rather caustically upon the futile attempts of Geo. E. Foster, the Tory spell-binder, to have the appropriation for a Dominion medical inspector at this Port seemed to think. Mr. Riley said, "that the minister of the interior had no right to appoint an official to safeguard the health of the people of this province. The members, however, could not see eye-to-eye with Mr. Foster in this as well as in a great number of his other economic theories, and his motion was up-set by a majority of forty-five or fifty."

After leaving Ottawa Mr. and Mrs. Riley visited Buffalo, and Niagara-on-the-Lake, at this point a brother of the member has a million dollar contract for a power plant. The intention is to convey power to the United States side by cable, and there will be to the various large cities. The system will extend as far as Rochester. They also visited St. Catherine, and made the journey west over the C. P. R. Mr. Riley added that this was the last of the long continuous sessions. Next year the house would meet at the beginning of January and sit for three months. It would then assemble in November, adjourn for the Christmas holidays, and resume deliberations early in the following year.

HAS SURRENDERED.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 28.—Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., former associate statistician of the agricultural department, who was indicted in connection with the cotton leak investigation, to-day gave himself up to the United States marshal.

TO INQUIRE INTO THE FISHERIES

COMMISSION WILL SIT HERE IN SEPTEMBER

Sessions Will Also Be Held on Puget Sound—The Contract for Atlantic Mail Service.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, Aug. 28.—Professor Prince, chairman of the British Columbia fishery commission, has arranged to reach Victoria about the end of this month, and the first sitting of the commission will be held in Victoria early in September. Communications are passing with the Governor of the state of Washington so that the Canadian and United States commissions can meet in conference at Leavenworth, Seattle and other Puget Sound points while the fall salmon fishing is being carried on. The commissioners will meet boards of trade and fishermen's associations, etc. They will pay preliminary visits to the trap, net and other fishing grounds.

The Mail Service.
It is understood the government has decided to allow the Asan's five years' extension of the contract for the carriage of the trans-Pacific mails to and from Canadian ports.

A report says the minister of trade and commerce was strongly in favor of entrusting the service to the C. P. R. and encouraging that company at the same time to improve the Pacific service to China and Japan and shorten the train service between Montreal and Vancouver to four days. By so doing, Sir Richard Cartwright believes the C. P. R. could establish a twenty or twenty-one days' service between London and Yokohama and secure a large share of the travel to and from the Far East for the Canadian route as well as greatly assisting Canadian trade both with China and Japan.

PRESERVING FACTORY

The Victoria Fruit Growers' Association Will Erect Canning Works.

The Fruit Growers' Association of Victoria has decided to erect a plant for preserving fruit. For some months the subject has been discussed, but action was postponed from time to time. At the last meeting of the association, however, it was agreed that the work should be proceeded with. In order to carry it out it will be necessary to invest \$750, which will be raised by \$5 shares.

The jam factory will utilize fruit grown by the members of the association which it is found inadvisable to ship. By this method waste will be prevented. The fruit for the factory will be gathered in cool condition, so that the product will be of the best quality.

The association has also determined to prosecute any infringements of the trade mark of the society. It has been brought to the attention of the association that non-members are in the habit of using boxes with the association's trade mark on them. Under the Dominion Act redress is obtainable, and the violation is punishable by a fine of from \$20 to \$100.

WELL-KNOWN NANAIMO LUMBERMAN HAS ASSIGNED

Liabilities Placed at \$150,000—Assets

Include Mill, Sash and Door Factory and Timber Limits.

(Special to the Times.)
Nanaimo, Aug. 28.—Andrew Haslam, lumberman and mill owner, has assigned to A. E. Lees, Vancouver, a former partner; Wm. Maroon, of Nanaimo, accountant; and Perry D. Roe, manager of the Canadian Pacific Lumber Co., Vancouver.

The liabilities are approximately \$150,000, and as assets there are besides the mill here and sash and door factory thirteen thousand acres of timber limits at Jarvis Inlet, Elk Bay, south of Seymour Narrows, and at Theodora Arm. These limits have something like eighteen years yet to run, and included in the liabilities are the arrears of stumpage and dues to the government amounting it is said to \$12,000. They also include a very large amount for wages, some amounting to a good period, in all reported to be \$12,000.

Last week a number of workmen entered a lien under the Woodman's Act for wages, when will give them, since the new law came into force, three months' wages. Affairs are pretty well involved, and it will take some time to straighten them out.

Mr. Haslam has been operating under a disadvantage for some time back, and finding himself getting into deep water attempted to sell some limits, hoping by this means to straighten things out, but unfortunately he was unable to make a deal. He has been established here more than thirty years. The present mill is a new one, having been erected after the fire, which destroyed the former one in May, 1904.

A Berlin doctor lays it down that the piano should never be used by a child under 16 years of age. Out of 1,000 girls who played before the age of 12, he found 990 cases of nervous diseases.

WANTS ROAD IN GOLDEN CARIBOO

MINING MAN HERE TO INTERVIEW CABINET

R. Borland Urges Provision of Transport on Facilities Between Quesnelle Forks and Keithley Creek.

One of British Columbia's best known pioneers, Robt. Borland, who has been a resident of Cariboo for many years, spent the last two or three days in the city and left for the interior on the steamer Charming at noon to-day. Mr. Borland was formerly proprietor of the 150-mile house, Cariboo road. He is now one of the wealthiest settlers in that district, having extensive interests in mining properties on Keithley creek, and owning a stock ranch, including about 1,000 acres of arable land. His visit to Victoria was for the purpose of interviewing the government on behalf of the farmers and miners of the district, to secure an appropriation for the construction of a road from Quesnelle Forks to Keithley Creek. He had a conference with Premier McBride and other members of the cabinet on Saturday, when he explained the necessity for such facilities in order that supplies for 150 or 200 men might be transported. He was assured that the government would take steps to carry out the desired improvement. Premier McBride suggested that Mr. Borland investigate and report as to the best route for such a road.

When seen by a Times representative this morning, Mr. Borland told of the difficulties experienced by residents of Cariboo in obtaining supplies under the present conditions. He pointed out that while there was a road from Ashcroft to Quesnelle Forks, only a trail led from that point to the Keithley creek, and the surrounding district. Early in the spring an arrangement had been entered into by the settlers with a certain packer to have goods brought from the Forks at specified times, but the latter had failed to comply when called upon. As a result the supplies were rapidly diminishing, and winter was approaching. Because of this rather serious situation of affairs he had been delegated to place the matter before the government in the hope of obtaining assistance.

Discussing the outlook throughout that portion of Cariboo, in which he is personally interested, Mr. Borland said the mines on Keithley, Snowshoe and Goose creeks were all doing very well, their earnings during the summer months having equalled those of any previous year. All were being extensively worked, and referring to the mine owned by Veith and Borland, on the Keithley, the latter said he was very much pleased at the results of the past few months. The running expenses, he estimated, amounted to something like \$1,000 a month, while the output for the same length of time averaged \$3,000. He believed that other mines were doing much the same, so the district, from a mining standpoint, might be said to be flourishing. Of course, he added, if the earnings of the Bullion Hydraulic Company were to be included in those of the smaller properties the total "gold" output would not amount to as much as in previous seasons. This concern, he explained, had been forced to close down after operating for a short time in the spring because of the lack of water. While able to work, however, a little more than \$1,000 a day had been taken out. Altogether he thought Cariboo was maintaining its reputation as one of the richest mining centres of British Columbia.

Being also interested rather extensively in stock raising and farming, Mr. Borland is in a position to give an accurate report respecting those industries. He said the hay crop at interior points was somewhat disappointing, but throughout the district lying between Clinton and Ashcroft the farmers were jubilant. "I say that everything was doing fine, particularly the hay and the grain. It was expected that more than enough would be obtained to supply the local markets, thus enabling the exportation of a considerable quantity of the produce."

As already stated Mr. Borland has left for the Mainland on his return to Cariboo. He intends immediately upon his arrival to lay out a suitable route for a road between the points already referred to. In all probability he will be assisted in this by a government official. He hopes to have the work undertaken without delay, so that a sleigh road will be available during the winter months. While in the city Mr. Borland was a guest at the Victoria hotel.

BOTH ARMIES REINFORCED.

No New Developments as Rainy Season Believed to Be at an End.

(Associated Press.)
Gushka Pass, Aug. 27.—Since the Japanese retook the Russian position on August 19th there have been no developments.

During the long quiet both armies have been heavily reinforced, and the situation is now much like what it was before Liao-Yang.

It is believed that the rainy season is closed.

KILLED IN COLLISION.

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 28.—One man was killed and another fatally injured and a number of passengers seriously hurt in a collision on the Pennsylvania railroad in the south yards about three miles from this city early this morning.

OUR SODA



Is becoming more popular every week. We dispense the best and coldest in town. Try a "Togo" or a "Chop Suey" for something new.

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Sunday, 27th inst. 3 o'clock Concert
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MANITOBA CREAMERY BUTTER, pound.....	25c.
COMOXY CREAMERY BUTTER, pound.....	30c.
FRESH EASTERN EGGS, dozen.....	25c.
GINGER SNAPS, 3 pounds for.....	30c.
LARD, 3-pound pail for.....	30c.
CRYLON TEA, pound packet.....	25c.
MATCHLESS LAUNDRY SOAP, 6 cakes for.....	25c.

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Johnson Street.

INDEMNITY ALONE PREVENTS AGREEMENT

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT RATHER THAN PAY

Willing to Reimburse Japs For Care of Prisoners and Make Concessions Regarding Sakhalen.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 26.—Russia has refused finally to accede to President Roosevelt's propositions looking to an agreement of peace.

Emperor Nicholas has communicated to the President through Ambassador Meyer at St. Petersburg his response to Mr. Roosevelt's latest suggestions and that response was received by the President to-day. Its specified terms were not disclosed here. It is known, however, that Russia declined to pay Japan an indemnity in any amount or in any form. Through M. Witte, the senior Russian plenipotentiary, Russia has indicated a willingness to reimburse Japan for the care of the Russian prisoners and perhaps to make concessions regarding Sakhalen island, but insists that not a dollar of indemnity be paid.

There M. Witte speaks with authority that is no doubt and it is surmised that the Emperor had informed the President of the nature of the instructions he has given at Portsmouth. Whether the decision of the Russian Emperor will destroy the remaining prospect of any agreement between the representatives of Russia and Japan remains to be determined.

JAPANESE ASKED FOR AN ADJOURNMENT.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 26.—As indicated in these dispatches last night, there was no rupture in the peace negotiations to-day. Peace is by no means assured, but an important crisis has been tide over and the fact that the life of the conference has been prolonged into next week adds materially to the chances of a favorable issue. According to the Russian version, it was Japan and not Russia which weakened this afternoon. M. Witte publicly announced after the meeting that it was Baron Komura who asked for an adjournment in order to get time to submit a new proposition. M. Witte has received instructions, after Ambassador Meyer's intervention, to agree to a partial revision of Sakhalen and to grant a liberal compensation for the keeping of Russian prisoners, but to pay war tribute under no guise. This was described as Russia's ultimatum, leaving as ever the

same old question of Money the stumbling block to an agreement. In the regular course of procedure, after the presentation of the Japanese counter-proposition Wednesday, the diplomatic move passed to Russia and it was M. Witte's turn, naturally, to present the counter proposition of his government. If he succeeded, as is contended, in holding his card and forcing the Japanese to play again, he gained a point in the game.

But no adequate account of the proceedings at to-day's meeting is forth-

coming. The plenipotentiaries themselves excluded all formalities. There were no minutes. There is no record. This, in itself, is extremely significant. When men who are fighting a desperate battle lock themselves in a room alone it is the best evidence that they are terribly in earnest. It is a hopeful sign.

The most competent Japanese authority said to-night: "The question of peace or war still hangs in the balance. For the first time there appears to be some discussion in the Japanese camp as to the advisability of making another step. Many of the attaches are strongly of the opinion that they should not recede another inch." The most prominent of them to-night said to the Associated Press: "We offered one-half of Sakhalen on condition that we should receive for it the price asked. The island is ours by right of conquest.

If Russia thinks we will give up half of it for nothing she is much mistaken. Our answer should be 'Come and take it.' The medium of communication between Baron Kayeko, who is acting for Japan in the four parliaments with the President and the Japanese plenipotentiaries has been discovered. It is M. Uchida, the Japanese consul-general at New York. After Baron Kaneko's visit to Oyster Bay yesterday a long account of the interview was transmitted in cipher to Baron Komura and Mr. Bartholomew.

The session of the peace conference adjourned for 3 o'clock to-day began seven minutes after that hour. The Russian plenipotentiaries reached the navy yard in their motor cars shortly before 3 o'clock. The Japanese were ten minutes behind the Russians in arriving.

The conference at the navy yard was adjourned at 3:30 p.m. Official statement: "In the sitting of August 26th the conference had proceeded to the signature of the protocol of the previous sitting. The next sitting will be held on Monday, August 28th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon."

M. Witte made the following statement to the Associated Press regarding to-day's session: "We approved and signed the minutes of the last session, and at Baron Komura's request adjourned until Monday. It is to be presumed that the Japanese will have something to submit."

ALL RUSSIA AT BACK OF THE CAZAR.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 27.—(2:34 p.m.)—The curtain has been rung down on the St. Petersburg stage, and the centre of interest in the peace negotiations between Russia and Japan has been transferred to Portsmouth. Emperor Nicholas, after carefully weighing the consequences of his act, has said his last word. Russia will make no financial contribution in any form, and unless Japan agrees to President Roosevelt's efforts to effect a compromise between Russia and Japan, his efforts will have proven unavailing.

Mr. Meyer, the American ambassador, yesterday informed President Roosevelt of Russia's ultimatum. He agrees to cede half of Sakhalen island and pay for the maintenance of the prisoners of war, but nothing more. Russia declared that she had met Japan more than half way, and has proved to the world the sincerity of her desire for peace, but she would rather fight than pay any indemnity. On this point Russia has not changed one hair's breadth.

Saturday morning Mr. Meyer received his latest communication from President Roosevelt, and as a result called on Foreign Minister Lamoriniere. There is no reason to believe that the President suggested a compromise on the basis of Russia pay-

ing Japan for Sakhalen. No stone was left unturned and no effort was spared here to secure a settlement. Every obstacle, save one, standing in the way of the signing of a peace treaty at Portsmouth was overcome. In the matter of financial contribution Russia's answer was a firm and persistent refusal, and there is still excellent authority for the statement that if the Portsmouth negotiations fail, it will be on account of the money. The question of cession of the island of Sakhalen was arranged satisfactorily, according to a well informed authority here, who declared yesterday that Mr. Meyer, during his interview on Wednesday with the Emperor, persuaded His Majesty to accept a division of the island. On his decision to pay no indemnity, Emperor Nicholas thinks he has all Russia at his back.

WANT OF FUNDS MAY PROVE A FACTOR.

Paris, Aug. 26.—The French government is not giving any outward sign of activity in connection with the peace conference at Portsmouth owing to the sensitiveness of the French relations with Russia. Information from officials at St. Petersburg shows that United States Ambassador Meyer's meeting with the Emperor lasted ten minutes and was not productive of notable results. The result of the meeting is looked upon as an unfavorable sign. Nevertheless it is believed in government circles that Russia's inability to raise more money for war purposes will prove a factor in compelling the conclusion of peace. Since the French bankers recently refused a new loan on account of the uncertainties of the war, their attitude has become more uncompromising against a prolongation of the war. This is due to the dangers of depression in the enormous French holdings of Russian securities should the war go on indefinitely.

APPEAL T. ROCKEFELLER.

Paris Newspaper Suggests That He Assist Roosevelt.

Paris, Aug. 26.—Owing to the reports from Portsmouth, indicating that the question of peace between Russia and Japan hinges solely on Russia paying an indemnity to Japan, the Matin tonight makes the following appeal to John R. Rockefeller at Cleveland: "The question of money is hindering the peace between the two nations, whose populations amount to one-seventh of the entire population of the globe. His initiative honors America in the opinion of civilized nations. The question arises as to whether another American would not save the globe of President Roosevelt and complete his work by overcoming the sole obstacle now hindering peace. He would thus demonstrate the might of money in powerful and generous hands. The Matin constitutes itself spokesman for this sentiment, and addresses the richest citizens in the world. The appeal concludes with the argument showing the immense benefits such an act would confer upon civilization. Declined to Talk.

Cleveland, Aug. 26.—Mr. Rockefeller declined to make any statement to-night concerning the cablegram from the Paris Matin, which had been received early in the evening at Forest Hill, his summer residence.

FLOUR TRADE AT STANDSTILL.

Owing to Boycott of American Goods No Sales Have Been Made Since July.

Seattle, Wn., Aug. 26.—Advises received say a large milling company of this city, through its agent in Hongkong, state that the Chinese boycott of American goods has completely paralyzed the flour trade between Pacific coast ports and China. No sales have been made since July 1st, and all orders for September shipments have been cancelled. The company's agent writes that the bread makers in the bakeshops in Canton and Hongkong refuse to handle American flour, and the small dealers dare not purchase it for this reason. The trade with the Straits Settlements and India is also threatened by reason of the fact that the flour supply for these countries is controlled entirely by Chinese merchants.

PRIEST HELD PRISONER.

Was Lured to Room by Woman Who Pretended to Be Ill.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 26.—Upon the statement to the police by Rev. Basil Rosinski, a Catholic priest of St. Stanislaus church, that he had been held a prisoner for 24 hours without food and forced to sign two notes for \$500 each and two checks for like amounts, which had since been cashed, being robbed of \$20 and some jewelry, two men and a woman were arrested to-day. The woman is said to have lured the priest to her room in Cedar avenue by pretending to be ill and in need of spiritual consolation, and the men are said to have lurked in upon them and held Rev. Mr. Rosinski prisoner until he had satisfied their demands.



Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is nothing so good for Colic, Cholera, Morbus, Dysentery, and Diarrhoea. It is equally valuable for Summer Complaint and Cholera Infantum and has saved the lives of more children than any other medicine in use. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need it badly; you will need it quickly. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? Price, 35 cents.

Condensed Advertisements.

Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Time rates on application.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

KAI CHUNG & BRO., 108 Government St. Employment agency; servable and laborers for any work. Ring up phone 1128. Root and shoe store.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Waitress, at once. Apply Mrs. J. Bellis, Royal Arms Cafe, 50 Store St.

MRS. E. HOOD, nurse, 17 Alfred street, is prepared to receive cases of nursing. Phone 4000.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED—MALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good income corresponding for newspaper and office work. Experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to Matron, Jubilee Hospital.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

BOARD AND ROOM.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Two permanent lodgers in comfortable home—every convenience; breakfast if desired. Apply 35 Michigan street, James Day.

GORDON HOTEL, 50 Yates street. Room and board for a limited number; terms moderate and inclusive, hot and cold baths, telephone, reading room, piano, etc.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Old gold and silver, cast-off clothing, boots and shoes, carpenter's tools, etc. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 York street, two doors below Government street.

WANTED—All kinds of bicycle repair work; all work guaranteed. J. T. Braden, 70 Douglas street. Estimates given on all plumbing and heating work.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

CEMENT WORK.

SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nicholas & Renouf.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

TO LET—Small well furnished cottage. Apply 32 Quadra street.

TO LET—Part of store on Fort street, near Government. Apply 41 Fort street.

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, house of 9 rooms, Dupont avenue. Apply Dr. A. A. Hamner, 46 Government street.

TO LET—One of the nice cottages on Yates street. Apply 247 Yates.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in THE TIMES.

BUSINESS CHANCES. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—The stock and fixtures of a clothing and men's furnishing business, well established as a going concern, everything new and fresh, up-to-date and in first-class condition. Apply 422, this office.

COFFEE AND SPICES. VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS. Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS. A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; supplies supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 124.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING. CALL ON MESSRS. LLOYD & CO., sweepers to H. M. Naval Department. Please leave orders at Gower & Wiggins' or at Up-to-date Fish Market, 119 Douglas St.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective Sues fixed, etc. Wm. Neill, 32 Quadra street. Phone 4381.

CARPET RENOVATING. J. F. SHARP—Carpets and rugs beaten, renovated and relaid at reasonable prices. Leave orders at 1024 Yates Street, 83 Douglas street, Clarence Block. Ring up 1128.

WATCH REPAIRING. A. PETCH, 90 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

MUSIC AND PIANO INSTRUCTION. Mrs. Maud Monks, 6 Garbally road. Terms moderate.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY and R. R. Accounting. \$20 to \$500 a month salary assured our graduates under bond. Our six schools the largest in America and endorsed by all railroads. Write for catalogue. Morse School of Telegraphy, Cincinnati, O., Buffalo, N. Y., Atlanta, Ga., San Francisco, Cal., Los Angeles, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

DYEING AND CLEANING. B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS, 141 Yates street. Large dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200.

HOTELS. FERRIS, B. C.—Hotel Waldorf. Splendid accommodation for tourists and commercial men.

FOR—Good Dry Wood

GO TO—Burt's Wood & Coal Yard

21 Pandora St. Telephone 828 or 941.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Cheaper, owner leaving city, a modern residence, with two acres of land, nicely laid out with fine garden, good stable and outbuildings, commanding one of the most views in the city. Heisterman & Co.

FOR SALE—30 in. octagon barrel, take down, Winchester rifle, good as new, fitted with Lyman combination and head sights. Apply 12 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Motor, 12 horse power, for sale, cheap. 121 Blanchard street, corner of Fort.

CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY—Within a mile and a half of City Hall; price \$150 an acre, easy terms. Heisterman & Co.

FOR SALE—Phonograph, nearly new. Apply at Barlow's Station.

FURNITURE, tents, all-light heaters wanted. Suits waiting for sale. At Blanche's, 121 Douglas street, corner of Fort.

FOR SALE—Horse of all kinds, from \$15 up; new and second-hand buggies, carts and wagons, from \$10 up; a few first-class fresh cows. Apply Fraser's Carriage Shop, Store street.

FOR SALE—First-class planer and matcher, in good order, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1617, 1619, 1621, 1623, 1625, 1627, 1629, 1631, 1633, 1635, 1637, 1639, 1641, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1651, 1653, 1655, 1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1669, 1671, 1673, 1675, 1677, 1679, 1681, 1683, 1685, 1687, 1689, 1691, 1693, 1695, 1697, 1699, 1701, 1703, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 1713, 1715, 1717, 1719, 1721, 1723, 1725, 1727, 1729, 1731, 1733, 1735, 1737, 1739, 1741, 1743, 1745, 1747, 1749, 1751, 1753, 1755, 1757, 1759, 1761, 1763, 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779, 1781, 1783, 1785, 1787, 1789, 1791, 1793, 1795, 1797, 1799, 1801, 1803, 1805, 1807, 1809, 1811, 1813, 1815, 1817, 1819, 1821, 1823, 1825, 1827, 1829, 1831, 1833, 1835, 1837, 1839, 1841, 1843, 1845, 1847, 1849, 1851, 1853, 1855, 1857, 1859, 1861, 1863, 1865, 1867, 18

The Daily Times

Published every day (except Sunday)
by the
Times Printing & Publishing Co.
LIMITED.

JOHN NELSON,
Managing Director.
Office 29 Broad Street
Telephone:

Reportorial Rooms 46
Business Office 1000

Daily, one month, by carrier 75
Daily, one month, by carrier 20
Daily, by mail, per annum \$5.00
Twice-a-Week Times, per annum \$1.00

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 5 o'clock a. m., if received later than that hour will be changed the following day.

Special Eastern Canadian representative,
H. V. Kahle, Rooms 110-111 Mail Bldg.,
Toronto.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Jones' Cigar Store, Douglas Street.
Emery's Cigar Store, 23 Government St.
Knight's Stationery Store, 70 Yates St.
Victoria News Co., 50 Yates St.
T. N. Hibben & Co., 60 Government St.

A. Edwards, 21 Yates St.
West & Munro, Gov't and Truancy Alley.
George Marsden, Gov't and Truancy Alley.
H. W. Walker, Gov't and Truancy Alley.
W. Wilby, 31 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria Post office.
Pope Stationery Co., 110 Government St.
T. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria W.
J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay, Victoria.

Mr. Bell, Beaumont B. O.
Mrs. Coburn, Oak Bay.
A. Schroeder, Menzies and Michigan Sts.

Mrs. Talbot, Cook and Pandora Sts.
Mrs. Marshall, George Hotel, at the George.
C. Anderson, Street Cigar Store, Gov't.

Neil Macdonald, East End Grocery, corner
Foul and Oak Bay Ave.
A. Adams, Stanley & Cadboro Bay Rd.

F. Le Roy, Palace Cigar Store, Gov't St.
Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

The TIMES is also on sale at the following places:

Seattle-Lawman & Hanford, 614 First
Ave. (opposite Pioneer Square); Hotel
Seattle News Stand; Rainer Grand
Hotel News Stand.

Vancouver-Vancouver Hotel; Galloway &
Co.
New Westminster-J. J. McKay; H. Moray
& Co.

Kamloops-Smith Bros.
Dawson & White Horse-Bennett News Co.
Boswell-H. S. Wallace; M. W. Simpson.

Nanaimo-E. Plimbury & Co.
White Horse, V. J. Bennett News Co.
Revelstoke-D. D. Beattie, Red Cross Drug
Store.

Greenwood-Smith & McLean.
Phoenix-McLean Bros. & Smith.
Grand Forks-W. H. Iiter.

Fernie-W. A. Ingram.
Portland, Ore.-C. F. Bell; Oregon News
Co., 147 Sixth St.; McConnell & Ander-
son, Rich's News Stand, 414 Morrison
St.; G. V. Vancey.

ROCKEFELLER'S OPPORTUNITY.

Now the almost multitudinous American
millionaire has an opportunity to
prove that he is a worthy trustee of the
funds that in the providence of God and
the improvidence of his fellowmen have
been placed in his charge. France, as
represented by her newspapers, has sug-
gested to John D. Rockefeller, whom we
have never ceased to admire and to trust
even when all pens were directed against
him, has been asked to step into the
breach and to prove that he is a worthy
custodian of billions of dollars by under-
taking to pay the indemnity demanded
by Japan from Russia, and thus to end
the terrible carnage in the Far East,
which is threatened to be renewed in
case of a disagreement. If Mr. Rocke-
feller be a true friend of humanity and
an enemy of the barbarism of war he
will not fail civilization at this crisis.
And if the Oil King, in consequence of
having given away more than his income
during the past Standard Oil financial
year, considers that he is unequal to the
task, let him call into his counsels
Andrew Carnegie, J. Pierpont Morgan,
John Jacob Astor, the Vanderbilts,
Richard Croker, the trainer of the Tam-
many Tiger, and all the rest of the mil-
lionaires. It is true the majority of
these men of unlimited means have not
yet contracted the habit of giving, but
for such a worthy purpose they ought
sorely not to hang back. The sugges-
tion of the French newspapers is at least
worthy of the most serious consideration.

It opens up a wide field for the exercise
of American talents. President Roose-
velt, with his usual impetuosity, has been
making strenuous efforts to avoid an
irreparable breach in the negotiations at
Portsmouth. His methods are not likely
to meet with the approbation of the
adherents of the old style of diplomacy;
but his intentions are good. He wants
to stop unnecessary bloodshed; to put an
end to the woes that have been heaped
upon the heads of Jap and Russ. He
ought to succeed, and his fellow-Ameri-
cans ought to come to his assistance in
the hour when they can do good work.
Russian pride might be offended at the
idea of accepting aims in the manner sug-
gested. But such repugnances might be
overcome, too, if the tenders of good
offices were put in a delicate diplomati-
cally way. Muscovite pride revolts
at the bare idea of paying an indemnity
to the Mongolian national upstart. It
has been suggested that if another name
were given the contribution the objections
might be overcome. Let Rockefeller put
his name in the form of a "loan," and all
scruples may be overcome, and pride
pocketed. Such an opportunity for a
display of genuine American philan-
thropy is not likely to occur again for
a generation. The Oil King has not yet
deigned to take notice of the call of the
French journalists. But we presume he
has taken the matter into his most seri-
ous and prayerful consideration.

The Chinese government is a body that
may be ignored in the great scheme of
the world's affairs, the individual Chi-
nese man may be treated with ignominy
and contempt, but China as a commercial
entity, the United States has been taught
by the boycott, is worthy of the most

serious and respectful consideration.
America has a great abundance of goods
to dispose of, and the choking up of any
of the avenues of exportation is not to
be lightly regarded. But the Chinese,
while slow to anger, are difficult to ap-
pease once their anger is kindled. Hence the
commercial bodies in the United States
are eager in their professions of regard
for the "educated Oriental" and loyal in
their protestations that it is duty the
people who is an offence to their super-
sensibilities. Ere the boycott be lifted
our neighbors may be taught to remem-
ber that it is not well to rouse the resent-
ment of a patient and long-suffering peo-
ple.

A'PREPROACH TO VICTORIA.

After having made the tally-ho ride in
Victoria a lady writer becomes enthusi-
astic about the beauties of the city as
seen from high altitudes. Seated up
aloft she was enabled to survey the
gardens, lawns and flower beds of certain
selective citizens, which up to the pre-
sent time have been hermetically sealed
against the prying eyes of the inquisitive
stranger riding in ordinary vehicles or
doing the city on bicycle or afoot, and
the lady asserts that the sight is worth
seeing.

There are those who are behind many high
rough board fences and overgrown hedges,
beauty spots all unknown to the oldest
inhabitant. The discovery by the lady
in the tally-ho, and particularly her pub-
lication to all the world that Victoria's
beautiful "private" grounds can only be
seen afloat, or seen at all, by going high
up, will suggest one or two disturbing
thoughts to the mind of the average
citizen.

If citizens build Chinese Walls
around beautiful places to prevent their
fellow citizens or strangers from gazing
thereon, will they not put the walls
higher when they discover that their
efforts are being defeated by the elevat-
ed seats of this new fangled democ-
ratic coach? If a six or eight-foot high
board fence was sufficient to exclude the
vulgar gaze heretofore, a twelve-foot
palisade will be needed now to keep in-
volute to themselves all the wealth of
natural beauty within their private and
personal domain. The narrow-minded
and selfish are not always inconsistent,
and it may be that some of them will see
how absolutely consistent it would be to
build their fences still higher. The pur-
pose of the high fences should be attained
if they have to be made high enough to
exclude the view of tourists in balloons,
which will in all probability be the next
method of locomotion and sight-seeing
adopted, if the delightful prospects are
ever closed to the enraptured gaze of the
ally-hoers.

Of course it should not be necessary to
be perched up aloft to see the glories of
Victoria, because high fences, or fences
at all, are unnecessary. Were there
none every person could see and appre-
ciate, and profit greatly therefrom—the
poor as well as the rich, the man who
goes afoot as well as the more fortunate
who pays for a reserved seat to see the
exhibition. High fences have been hand-
ed down to us by our predecessors, who
copied at their homes the practice of the
Hudson's Bay Company in surrounding
their trading stations with Indian-proof
palisades. Old superstitions die slowly
in Victoria, and some old customs and
fashions are still in vogue which might
with propriety and profit to the city be
abandoned now and forever. The un-
sightly board fence, which in every
quarter of the city is altogether too pre-
valent, is one of them. They are positive-
ly ugly everywhere, but, apart from their
physical deformity, they instantly sug-
gest what they really stand for—the
exclusion of some of the most un-
desirable qualities that can afflict any
community—selfishness and exclusiveness
and indifference to the feelings and hap-
piness of others.

John Alexander Dowie, overseer in
Zion, evidently intends to take his fol-
lowers out and keep them separate from
the world. He has issued a new com-
mandment, which contains many excel-
lent things, including some that may be
difficult of attainment. One of the Over-
seer's decrees stipulates that each family
shall bring a baby-baptismal font
each year, thus evangelizing by birth-
rate for the church and crusading against
race suicide. That lovers shall not em-
brace or kiss each other before mar-
riage. That no faithful member of the
Christian Catholic church in Zion shall
marry without first obtaining the writ-
ten consent of Apostles John Alexander
I. That marriages performed by justices
of the peace shall not be recognized by
the church as legitimate.

San Hughes approves the increase of
the sessional indemnity, and he does it as
he does everything else in a way pecu-
liar to his own. This is what he says:

"I endorse fully the indemnity to
members. If the Roman Catholic church
is annually going to raise such issues as
Separate schools in the new provinces,
Remedial legislation in Manitoba and
elsewhere; and if political leaders are so
weak as to yield to such intriguing de-
mands, then it may as well be understood
that the men who battle for liberty are
entitled to recognition of some sort."

The United States representatives, who
do not spend much more than half the
time at Washington that we do at Ot-
tawa, receive just twice as much in-
demnities, viz., \$5,000, and \$2,000 addi-
tional for clerical work, besides travel-
ling expenses.

George D. Grant, M. P. for North
Ontario, is in the city. Mr. Grant's visit
to the West on this occasion will be a
short one, as he is down to take a promi-
nent part in the proceedings which will
mark the inauguration on the 1st of
September of the new provinces of Sas-
atchewan and Alberta. The member

for North Ontario made a notable entry
into public life, it will be remembered, by
defeating one of the strongest men in the
Conservative party and one of the ablest
of Canadian public speakers, Hon. Geo.
E. Foster, who, rejected by his native
province, was anxious to find a seat in
Ontario. The brilliant political debut of
Mr. Grant gives promise of a no less
brilliant after career, the member for
North Ontario being regarded in the
House as one of the most promising of
the younger generation of Liberal public
men.

To such an extent has Vancouver
spread beyond her boundaries that a new
"village on the inlet," as our friend Mr.
MacGowan, M. P., would say, has been
established across the rushing
waters of the far-famed harbor, the
refuge in which "all the shipping of the
world could find room to anchor." The
new town being established, the next
thing to follow naturally is the news-
paper. One newspaper being but a dull
thing without an "esteemed contemporary"
to act as a tonic or stimulant, there
is always another. And so The Express
of North Vancouver, George Bartley,
Managing Editor, has been established.

We have just received the first number
of the Express, which, we presume, has
put on a little extra style in honor of the
day of its birth. It is probably not the
intention of the editor to continue the
print his journal on extra fine paper all
the days of its natural life, which we
trust will be many and prosperous, as
the first issue of the Express is a trifle
above the ordinary in appearance. It is
also well filled with pictures of the
prominent men of the ambitious town.

The centre from which the Express
emanates is apparently well supplied
with newspapers, but there is little doubt
the paper will be able to supply its read-
ers with a satisfactory reason for its ex-
istence.

FORESHORE RIGHTS.

To the Editor: Mr. S. Perry Mills, a
generally well-informed correspondent, in
discussing foreshore rights, says in his
letter in Saturday's Times:

"Since the act was passed it has been
frequently decided that the foreshore (ex-
cepting harbors) is vested in the crown
in the right of the province subject to cer-
tain powers of parliament contained in
section 91 of the British North America
Act, 1867, such as navigation and ship-
ping."

I write for information. Will Mr. Mills
please explain more fully when and how
it was "judicially decided" that the provi-
nces owned the foreshores, excepting in
harbors.

FORESHORE OWNER.

BASEBALL V. CRICKET.

New York American.

An Englishman who has seen the Ameri-
can game of baseball, after watching our
splendid game of cricket, can realize at
once how wide and how deep is the gulf be-
tween the two. London Newspaper.

A blooming English cricketer lay dying in
New York.

His heart was very heavy and his head was
light as cork.

A comrade knelt beside him as he took a
grew strong and wild.

And heard him prattle of the day, when he
was but a child.

The dying sportsman faltered as he took
his comrade's wife.

And muttered, "I never saw eyes, old chap!
That's just what I want!"

If we can get three hundred runs we'll
beat those blasted teams.

We beat them once in London—old London
on the Thames.

"I saw a blooming baseball game," twas
just the other day;

The players hustled, don't you know, in
quite a recess-way.

I paid four shillings for a seat, and say, I
likes to tell—

The bloody game was over in a twinkling
of an eye!

I say, when we played cricket, that was
jolly well a game.

And if it didn't last three days the cockney
did it time.

It took the crackadix sixteen days to beat
the Gens.

The year we played in London—old London
on the Thames.

III.

"And when I watched this Yankee game
I heard, or seemed to hear."

The most outlandish tale, you know—my
word, but it was queer!

The chap that they called the umpire didn't
act a bit afraid.

Although the people booed at him and said
he was queer.

And when one fellow made a bit so long
that he could score.

He didn't keep on running on my honor,
what a bore!

I ran my blooming head off once—the time
we played the Gens.

And beat them out in London—old London
on the Thames.

HOW THEY DO YOU IN NEW YORK.

At Seventh avenue and Forty-second
street there is a place with a side door.

This side door is not used in the daytime,
the proprietor says, but it swung back to
admit a young man early yesterday morn-
ing.

He ordered a whole lobster and a bottle
with a white seal. He consumed all that
was served, and then found that he could
not pay the bill of \$5.75. Of course the
waiter had heard that before, and was
about to call a policeman when the young
man pulled a heavy ring set with a great
yellow stone from his finger.

"There," he said, in a bored tone, "it was
a mistake, I assure you. You may hold my
ring. I will pay in the morning."

The waiter accepted the ring. The young
man went out. Presently in came one of
those persons whom one does not remember
ever having seen before, but whose voice is
most familiar. The waiter's confidence went
out to him. He showed him the ring.

"Hm—hm," said the second man. "That's
a pretty ring. Oh, no. He's on the level, all
right. That stone alone now is worth
\$100. What—\$5.75? Oh, he'll be back in
the morning or you're in luck."

Just at that moment the waiter was sud-
denly called. When he turned around the
second man was gone. So was the ring.

"That's tough," said the waiter, "to be
struck twice in one night!"
But his troubles were just beginning.



C. E. REDFERN,

43 Government St.
phone 118 P.O. Box 93

DO YOU WANT A

SINGER SEWING MACHINE FREE?

IF SO, BUY

WHITE SWAN SOAP?

"The Matchless Cleanser."

You May Get One

Presently the side door opened and in walk-
ed the young man of battle and lobster. His
face had an angry flush. He approached the
waiter with considerable dignity, and,
throwing \$5.75 on a table, said:

"I will trouble you for my ring, please."

The waiter gaped. He tried to explain
that the ring had been stolen. The young
man looked incredulous. In fact, he insin-
uated that the waiter had sold it. The
waiter offered to throw him out. The young
man threatened arrest unless the value of
the ring was immediately refunded.

After a long quarrel the proprietor, fear-
ing for the reputation of his side door, com-
promised on \$50. Then the side door closed
upon the young man of the bottle and the
lobster.

Hardly had the owner of the ring gone
than the proprietor cornered the waiter and
proceeded to tell him just what he thought
of him and the reasons that justified his
opinion. The waiter was pleading that this
was his hard-fought night when the side door
swung open again and in walked a man
who had walked off with the plated ring.

"Aw, trash!" said he, throwing the ring
on the table. "I went over the way and
showed it to Bill. Says 'tain't worth 11
cents."

With a moan the waiter folded up his
apron. The side door created mournfully
as it swung behind him and his job forever.

SOFT COAT FOR WARSHIPS.

Army and Navy Journal.

Notwithstanding the experience of the
navy with anthracite coal in the past, the
Navy Department will carry out some so-
called experiments with this variety of fuel
in the immediate future. It has been truly
said by the older officers in the navy that
the battle of Santiago could never have been
fought with hard coal in the bunkers of the
American fleet. The facility with which
steam can be raised with bituminous coal
is a sudden emergency arises can never
be attained where anthracite coal is em-
ployed. Bulk for bulk, bituminous coal
will carry a vessel further with less fatigue
to the fire room personnel than hard coal.

NO TERRORS FOR HIM.

Philadelphia Press.

"Sir," exclaimed Rev. X. Huxter, "I'm
surprised to hear you swearing at the heat.
What will you do in the next world, where
you've got a drop of water to moisten your
parade?"

"Huh!" grunted the fat man. "Are you
sure there's no water there?"

"Positive."

"Ah! then there's no humidity; that's
what knocks me. I can stand the heat."

In Vienna a society has been formed to
assist persons with short memories. A card
is issued on which the purchaser writes
the date of an engagement and posts to the
society's office, and by the first post on the
day of his engagement the card is received
by the purchaser.

Scotland has 400 golf links.

RED JACKET

"So Easy to Fix"

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS

For Descriptive Catalogue, apply to

THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LD.,

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. DRAWER 613. TELEPHONE 55.

We have within the last week added

Two Thousand Five Hundred Volumes

OF

Assorted Standard Works

to our already large stock of books. If you are in want of a book we can give
you the largest assortment in British Columbia to select from, and you will find
prices right.

T. N. Hibben & Co.

Watch and Clock
Repairing

Timepieces, like all other machin-
ery, require attention to enable
them to do their work satisfactorily,
and when their performance is ir-
regular they should be attended to
without delay.

If any of your watches or clocks
are in that condition, let us put
them in good order for you.

We guarantee that they shall per-
form satisfactorily after they leave
our hands, and our charges are
moderate. No charge for estimates.

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THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LD.,

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

A Chance for Farmers

Wanted of 100 acres, splendid soil, good well, 4-roomed cottage, 15 acres in crop, 15 acres under to be cleared, balance lightly timbered. \$2,000.00 cash, balance 10 per cent. or will exchange for farm close to town.

Modern Cottage, Dallas Rd.

Hot and cold water, large lot, price \$1,100; or exchange for farm convenient to town or station.

Browne & Kennedy, 8 Store Street

L. EATON & CO. AUCTIONEERS.

Auction sale of genuine Persian Rugs, commencing Thursday, Aug. 31st, at 2 p.m. Sale of Horses, Cattle, Wagons, etc., Saturday, Sept. 2nd, 2 p.m. Sale of Household Furniture and Effects of A. Morgan, at rooms, Wednesday, Sept. 6th. Sale of pure bred Jersey Cattle, the property of Mrs. C. J. Reid, on Friday, Sept. 8th.

PRELIMINARY**Auction Sale**

Well-Bred CATTLE
Wednesday, Sept. 6th
At 2 P.M.

at Mr. Skuli Johnson's Dairy
Amy St., Off Burnside Road
See Posters for Particulars.
At the same time and Place,
Thoroughbred Chestnut Gelding
17 Hands,
Broken to Saddle and Harness

HARDAKER AUCTIONEER**PERSONALS**

G. Irvine, provincial organizer for the Knights of Pythias, is in the city. He has just returned from Vancouver, where he has organized an independent branch of the lodge of that town. While there he was entertained with the utmost hospitality. Mr. Irvine, whose headquarters are at Vancouver, intends returning to the mainland tomorrow. He is registered at the Dominion hotel.

Miss Thelma Dismage and Miss Belle Hanby, two well known Winnipeg young ladies, arrived in the city on Saturday and intend spending a couple of weeks on the coast. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald H. Genn. Miss Dismage is a cousin of Mrs. Genn.

E. E. Hendie and wife and J. M. Tait and wife, of Victoria, are at the Victoria. Messrs. Hendie and Tait have just returned from the Crown's Nest Pass, where they inspected the mines at Fernie and neighborhood.

J. Kingham, who has been away for the past few months on an extensive tour of the Old Country as well as Eastern Canadian and United States points, is expected to return this afternoon by way of Vancouver.

L. B. Joseph and wife, B. Joseph and Mrs. Joseph, of San Juan, were among the arrivals from the West Coast by the steamer Queen City on Saturday. They left for Vancouver yesterday.

Wm. Ware, of Balfour, B. C.; W. J. Heller and wife, Miss S. P. Smith, Miss J. Ladd and Miss L. Ladd, of Chicago, Ill., are among those registered at the Dominion hotel.

The many friends of T. Pavewitt, purser of the steamer Princess Victoria, will regret to learn that he is unable to attend to business duties owing to indisposition.

D. H. McDonald, of London, Ont.; C. Spindler, of Montreal; and Mrs. W. J. Blackwell, of the Lincoln hotel, Seattle, are staying at the Victoria hotel.

J. C. Mark and Miss Mark, Miss Anna M. Walker and Miss Eleanor Hall, of Uniontown, Pa., are in the city. They are staying at the Victoria hotel.

Mrs. A. F. Korbel, Miss M. Korbel and Miss E. Korbel, of San Francisco, Cal., are staying at the Dominion.

Le Bolide Spirit Lamps

A new and absolutely satisfactory spirit lamp. Will not explode. Easily filled. Patented and extinguished. Price 75 cents. Let us show you this line.

JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST.

N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Saturday's Economy

Singapore Sliced Pineapple
(RAJAH BRAND)
2 TINS 25C

The West End Grocery Company,

S. J. HEALD Manager

Jellies, Jellies ONIONS

COOL AND REFRESHING.

Have you tried our English Jelly Powders at 3 for 25c? They are fine.

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office. Government Street.

**FOR ARTISTIC ELECTRIC FITTINGS**

CALL ON
HINTON ELECTRIC CO.
23 Government St. PHONE 38

FOREIGN SETTLERS MAKING PROGRESS**ADAPT THEMSELVES TO WAYS OF COUNTRY**

Inspector Bredt Is Pleased With the Conditions Prevailing in the Northwest.

P. M. Bredt, inspector of agencies and foreign settlements for the Dominion government for Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, is at the Dominion. He is here to recuperate after a heavy season's work.

Mr. Bredt is outlining his work says that during the busy season for the receiving of immigrants he is obliged to travel about from agency to agency. At various points the Dominion government has established these agencies where intending settlers are given information, and assisted in every way possible in obtaining work. This applies particularly to the foreigners from Europe and includes those of Germanic blood, Gallians, Slavs, etc. In the case of the farmer from the United States, who makes the most desirable of all the immigrants, there is little assistance necessary. He comes in, Mr. Bredt says, usually with considerable money and adapted to the conditions. He therefore secures a farm and goes to work at once.

With many of the immigrants from European countries conditions are entirely different. Many of them are poor, and they know nothing of the conditions prevailing in the Northwest. These people have to be helped for a year or two until they become acquainted with the changed conditions, and the government is doing a good work in this way.

These immigrants, Mr. Bredt says, are in general making excellent settlers. The German people, Gallians, Donkohors and others readily acquire a knowledge of English, and adapt themselves to the conditions.

While a few Donkohors have been seized with a mania, and have given trouble, yet these form a very small percentage of the whole, and in general these people are making excellent settlers. During the last year about twenty of the Donkohors made themselves objectionable, but this only made up about one per cent. of the entire Donkohor population in the Northwest. "It is time," says Mr. Bredt, "that a few of them go crazy, but how many Germans and English speaking go crazy and nothing is heard about it?"

The Donkohors are in general peaceful and contented. The rising generation differ little from the English speaking. On the streets of Victoria Donkohor newsmen sell papers, and in every way the young people adapt themselves to the ways of the land. The Gallians are also making excellent progress. The young Gallian girls make very smart servants, and the settlers are fast making good friends for themselves.

When occasion allows Mr. Bredt visits the various foreign settlements which have been formed, and looks into the conditions prevailing.

Mr. Bredt confirms the reports that everything tends to a record breaking crop in the Northwest this year. In this general prosperity the foreign settlements are having their share. They have adopted improved methods of cultivating the land with corresponding good results.

Mr. Bredt will visit the New Westminster exhibition before returning to his duties in the Northwest.

T. Davidson, of Toronto, is in the city on business. He is among those staying at the Dominion.

HEINZE OF MONTANA MAKES ANOTHER BUY

Purchases Silver Mines in Mexico That Victoria and Vancouver Men Thought Were Worthless.

After Victorians had paid many thousands of dollars into the San Martin silver mines in the state of Oaxaca, Mexico, and then permitted the property to be sold at sheriff's sale because of a liability of \$40,000, F. Augustus Heinze of Montana discovered that the mines were worth having, and he bought them.

A telegram from Butte told the tale. Of course the Victoria people who put their money into the property have lost it, but they will be interested in knowing who has come into possession of the mines. They are admittedly among the richest and most prolific producers of silver in the whole of Mexico, and have been a workaholic interest for several centuries.

Among the heaviest holders of San Martin stock were Hon. Edgar Dewdney and Capt. John Irving, the former being in for no less than about \$7,000. Many Vancouver men were in for sums ranging from \$1,000 to twice that amount. They will not participate in the earnings of the mines under the new management.

The San Martin has had a rather checkered career during the past few years. After the late Howard C. Waller succeeded in making a bunch of money for the associates in Britannia, he got hold of the Mexican property. People who had refused to buy Britannia stock put up their money for San Martin. Mr. Waller bought a control in the stock of the property and borrowed \$40,000 from Tom Hodgins of Butte to complete his purchase. Mr. Waller, it is said, had besides an \$8,000 interest in the company's stock by straight purchase.

Mr. Waller went East and failed to realize money to work the property, shareholders became discouraged and disappointed, and finally the property was sold at sheriff's sale. Mr. Hodgins buying it in under his mortgage.

It is stated that a number of the die wharves on the water front have recently been inspected by parties having in view the construction of a cannery in the harbor. One of the buildings is said to be admirably suited for the purpose, being convenient to draw water and to the traps down the straits, as also of the proportions required for the installation of machinery.

The financial meeting of the Victoria District Metallurgical Association will be at Dominion on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 5th and 6th. Rev. A. M. Sanford, B. D. of Nanaimo, chairman of the district, will preside.

FOR LABOR DAY.

More Than 50,000 Union Men Will Take Part in Parade in New York.

New York, Aug. 28.—Plans were completed yesterday to call labor leaders for a Labor Day parade, which they claim will, in point of numbers and display, eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted in this country. More than 50,000 union men will be in line. Every man will be represented in the parade, and will have out as nearly as possible every man on its membership roll.

ROBINSON'S CASH STORE

PHONE 1010. 80 DOUGLAS ST.

The "Best" Alone Pays

For this reason when you are planning to paint your house buy

The Sherwin-Williams Paint

Covers most, looks best, wears longest, most economical

SOLE AGENTS—

Peter McQuade & Son, 78 Wharf Street.

CIVIC QUESTIONS OF SOME MOMENT**PRESENT STATUS OF THE WATER PROBLEM****Petition For Improved Distribution System Will Likely Displace Crystal Palace Scheme.**

The controversy on the Crystal Palace-Winter Garden scheme has practically "melted into thin air." It is true there was a letter in the Times on Saturday from Mr. Bosworth, but it would probably have been interjected into the discussion when in its pictorial stage had the writer not been absent from the city at that time. One thing is certain, and that is the fact that the tourist association little knew the turmoil the proposition would arouse when they first submitted it and the petition to support it. They did not anticipate the rapid exhaustion of the most available figures of rhetoric that has characterized the debate.

Judging by the attitude of the council the scheme will have to abide in obscurity for the remainder of this year. There is strong opposition to it on the board, and the fight that was put to prevent its suspension indefinitely, was a feeble one at the best. Then there is another reason why the project seems doomed to neglect as far as the year 1906 is any application. That reason is the movement started by the latter part of last week for improvement of the waterworks system of distribution. As announced in Saturday's Times, a petition is in circulation requesting the passage of a by-law to enable the city to borrow \$150,000 for this purpose. It is understood that such an improvement can be made applicable to any waterworks scheme decided upon, and everybody appreciates the desirability of this very material phase being dealt with as soon as possible. It will certainly be very anxious to improve the distribution system in connection with the main work before very long, and those circulating the petition feel that this part of the operations might as well be started now.

The water question is vastly more important to the city than that of the amusement gardens, and it seems evident that the ratepayers will not be anxious to vote to raise \$300,000 a week for the improvement of the waterworks system, therefore, that the council will hold the palace scheme at arm's length, reserving it as a possible plank in the platforms of the various candidates offering themselves for municipal honors.

Alderman Hanna will make another desperate attempt to have the secret agreement voted upon at the council meeting to-night. It is very anxious to contemplate the aldermanic attitude with regard to this precious document. Some of them flatly voted that they are unalterably opposed to it. Then let's vote on it now," replied Alderman Hanna. Oh, well, Hodgins had besides an \$8,000 interest in the company's stock by straight purchase.

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The present status of the water question is this: The city's stakes are among the localities of Goldstream and Niagara canyon. They constitute the statutory notification of the civic intention to apply for certain water rights. As far as can be learned these rights apply to the water after it has been used by the tramway company. When the thirty days' notice expires, the war will commence, at least so the Esquimalt Waterworks Company threatens, and the courts will be called upon to decide whether the municipal corporation enjoys any rights to the Goldstream water.

Vancouver has solved the street sprinkling problem on the lines discussed considerably by Victoria aldermen earlier in the year. The Terminal City has co-operated with the tramway company, with the result that a sprinkling car is now in operation. The new sprinkler is a boiler-shaped affair which travels at a high rate of speed, and throws a stream on either side which can be regulated at the will of the operator. Its only fault seems to be that it leaves a dry path behind it right in the centre of the street, but this will undoubtedly be remedied. It will certainly do the work of several teams of horses. Three men are required to operate it, and it is calculated that it can make the complete circuit of the city and only need to be filled twice. The stream is forced out by compressed air, and is so powerful that in some streets it could wash the windows of houses as the car passes along.

Some time ago the city and the tramway company entered into negotiations for a similar apparatus in this city. The company said that if the corporation would pay half it would build a special car, the cost being something like \$4,000. The company agreed to supply the electric current for operating the car if the time it was felt that the city was hardly in a position to venture upon the expenditure, but it is quite likely that the car will be a daily spectacle on the streets here next summer.

LOCAL NEWS.

On his arrival in Atlin Judge Young, who was recently appointed to the county judgeship, was given a banquet by the local bar of that place.

On Thursday Mr. Otto Crawford and Miss Lennie Ball, of this city, were united in wedlock in Seattle by Judge Morris. The bride and groom have taken up their residence in Victoria.

The steamer City of Nanaimo was put on the Nanaimo-Vancouver run on Saturday in place of the Joan. The former will be on the run while the Joan is undergoing her annual examination.

The rain to-day has not been looked upon with favor by the farmers of Vancouver Island. Many have a great deal of the out grain still in the field. This will not be improved by the present rain, and may be considerably damaged if the wet spell continues.

Senator L. W. Ross and Chas. L. White, and Mr. Wicks, of Boston, returned from Governor's hotel on the steamer Tees. These gentlemen went north to inspect mining propositions. While the claims did not come up to expectations the trip proved a very pleasant one in many ways.

Wives sometimes object to life insurance, widows never do. How is it in your case? Have you made provision for your family so that in the event of anything happening to you they will at least have something to fall back on? If you have not, then don't delay any longer. Let us show you the new contract of the Canada Life. No better policy, no better company can be found anywhere. A policy in its pays. Heisterman & Co., general agents.

Two concerts were held yesterday afternoon. One was given at Beacon Hill park by the Fifth Regiment band and another at the Gorge by a local orchestra. Both were well-attended, and the programmes, judging by the applause accorded each selection, were much appreciated. It is the intention of the management of the British Columbia Electric Railway Company to give a couple of entertainments at the Gorge park during the week, providing the weather proves favorable.

M. F. Hackett, of Stanstead, Quebec, grand president of the Catholic Mutual-Benefit Association of Canada, and J. J. Behan, of Kingston, Ont., grand secretary of the same order, are visiting the councils of the association in Vancouver, New Westminster and Victoria. On Tuesday night they will be given a reception here. Mr. Hackett was formerly a minister in the provincial cabinet in Quebec, but is at present out of politics and devoting his time to the work of the association of which he is president.

The characteristic of the Chinaman which most strongly impresses the European is his habit of doing everything contrary to the Occidental. He leaves his hat on when visiting a friend, and always shakes hands with himself. He even extends the operation of this law of opposites to alighting from a street car. Instead of stepping off a moving car in the direction in which it is moving he invariably drops off the other way—and invariably on the wrong side. If the car is moving slowly he steps off gently and his inevitable tumble is a minor affair. If the car is going at a fairly quick rate he jumps—always in the other direction, he is remembered, and on the wrong leg—and then wonders why he described so many revolutions on the ground. Tell him to swing one way and he will swing the other. Tell him to drop on his right foot and he will put out his left. That is why there is always an exhibition of contortion and tumbling when a Chinaman steps off a moving car.

Real Estate Bargains

5-acre block, all cleared and fenced.
7-acre block, mostly cleared and fenced and in high state of cultivation. Only 10 minutes' walk from tram line, at sacrifice prices in order to close an estate.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited

40 Government Street

PROTECTED CRUISER CHICAGO IN PORT

Flagship of United States Pacific Squadron Visiting Esquimalt—Marblehead Expected To-Morrow.

One of the first built of what has been designed "The White Squadron" in the American navy, the United States second-class protected cruiser Chicago, arrived from San Francisco last night, whether she was called immediately after the disaster to the gunboat Bennington. At the time the ships of the North Pacific squadron were gathered at Port Angeles, preparatory for their annual target practice. When the Chicago was ordered south, however, these plans were temporarily upset, but they will now be carried out in the course of a week or so.

The Chicago is flagship of the fleet. She relieved the New York at Valparaiso on the 1st of January. Although a second-class cruiser she is considered thoroughly up-to-date. She is a 6,000-ton vessel and carries a crew of 450 men. Her horse power is something like 9,000. She is furnished with four 8-inch, four 5-inch, nine 6-pounders and several Colt's automatic rapid-firing guns. In design the vessel, like most of ships in the American navy, contrasts greatly with British warships in that more of her appears above water than is seen in ships of the other fleet. Compared with the Grafton, which was the last flagship on this station, she not only differs in point of construction, but arrangement, the ordnance on the British cruiser having included two 9-inch and several 6-inch guns.

The Chicago has among her equipment a complete wireless telegraphy apparatus and her operators were yesterday in communication with the local station. In a similar manner the ship can communicate with Seattle or any other place on the Sound, where these stations have been established.

Chief among those aboard are Admiral Goodrich, B. K. Moore, captain; William White, executive officer; Capt. Halstead, navigating officer; R. C. Moody, ordnance officer; and Dr. E. O. Lewis, fleet surgeon. The ship, it is expected, will be here a week. She is the second craft of the United States navy in port, the torpedo destroyer Paul Jones having been here for a week or more. A third of the fleet will be thought, arranged direct from the Bremerton dry dock to-morrow. This will be the Marblehead, which was expected to make a call prior to going north a month or two ago.

It is stated that the ships have come here on invitations which have from time to time been extended by American citizens residing in Victoria. Admiral Goodrich has frequently visited Victoria. When his ship was on the Sound last year he made several excursions to this city. That he has a kindly feeling towards the place is now strongly evidenced by the fact that two of the ships under his command are here and a third will probably arrive to-morrow.

BORN.

OLESON—At Nelson, on Aug. 24th, the wife of R. Oleson, of a son.

WHITESIDE—At Kaslo, on Aug. 19th, the wife of George Whiteside, of a son.

PARSONS—At Revelstoke, on Aug. 23rd, the wife of H. Parsons, of a son.

DIED.

SPRINGLING—On Aug. 26th, at Gotham street, Spring Ridge, Winifred Margaret, infant daughter of W. A. and M. M. Springling, aged 8 weeks.

PICKERING—At Vancouver, on Aug. 26th, William Pickering, aged 85 years.

PREER—At Kamloops, on Aug. 25th, William Preer, aged 73 years.

Near to Victoria

250 acres, 125 cultivated, 2-roomed house, outbuildings, facing sea. Good timber on balance of land. Easy terms. Price, \$15,000.

E. A. HARRIS & CO.

35 FORT STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A modern 8 roomed house, close to city, every convenience, large lot, price \$1,800. Lee & Fraser, Trueman Ave.

FOR SALE—Extra large truck, 80; lady's bike, \$15; 22-inch roller skates, \$4; lamp and case, \$10; washbasin, \$10; oilskin suit, \$15. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

FOR SALE—Express business wagon, harness and harness, etc.; must be sold by September 1st; any reasonable offer accepted. Apply 55 Yates street.

WANTED—Partner with \$150 to join advertiser in good money-making proposition, investigate, sure winner. Address "Snap," Times office.

FOR SALE—Fine young cow, fresh calved, good milk, Apply J. Sherburn, Oscar street, cor. Moss and Fairford.

FOUND—A lady's coat. Apply 4 Second street.

TO LET—Modern 2 roomed house on Efford street, brick basement and sewerage connection. Inquire No. 20 Cadboro Bay road.

FOR SALE—Two Irish terrier pups (dogs). Apply 43 Third street.

NOT RESPONSIBLE

BR. BARQUE

"SAXON"

SMITH, Master.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written authority.

ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD., Agents.

CONSIGNEE'S NOTICE

BR. BARQUE

"SAXON"

SMITH, Master.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

This vessel will commence discharging cargo at the outer wharf Monday morning, Aug. 28th, and following days. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and all receipts for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 o'clock each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignee thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD., Agents.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices, carved out with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. Stewart

COR. YATES & BLANCHARD STS.

—The regular review of Queen Alexander-Hive, No. 11, L. O. T. M., will be held in the Knights of Pythias hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Business of great importance will be transacted.

3 SNAPS!

1. A \$375.00 Mason & Risch Piano, only used a few months and as good as new, at \$335.00
2. A second-hand Piano, \$65
3. A Bell Organ in good condition, \$45.00

Easy Terms can be Arranged.

also have some of the highest Grade MASON & RISCH PIANOS which we will sell at Special Reductions until the end of this month

Hicks & Lovick Piano Co.

LIMITED.

88, GOVERNMENT STREET.